

TEXT BOOK EXERCISE 7.6

Q. 1. Find compound interest on ₹ 14,000 for 2 years at 10% per annum compounded annually.

Solution. Here, Principal (P) = ₹ 14,000
Time (T) = 2 years
Rate (R) = 10% per annum

We know that

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Amount (A)} &= P \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T \\ &= ₹ 14000 \left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right)^2 \\ &= ₹ 14000 \times \left(\frac{11}{10}\right)^2 \\ &= ₹ 14000 \times \frac{11}{10} \times \frac{11}{10} \\ &= ₹ 16940\end{aligned}$$

Hence, Compound Interest
 $= A - P = ₹ 16940 - ₹ 14,000$
 $= ₹ 2940$ Ans.

Q. 2. Find compound interest on ₹ 1000 for 3 years at 20% per annum compounded annually.

Solution. Here, Principal (P) = ₹1000
Rate (R) = 20% per annum
Time (T) = 3 years

We know that

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Amount (A)} &= P \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T \\ &= ₹ 1000 \left(1 + \frac{20}{100}\right)^3 \\ &= ₹ 1000 \left(\frac{120}{100}\right)^3 \\ &= ₹ 1000 \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^3\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}&= ₹ 1000 \times \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{6}{5} \\ &= ₹ 1728\end{aligned}$$

Hence, Compound Interest (C.I.)
 $= A - P = ₹ 1728 - ₹ 1000$
 $= ₹ 728$ Ans.

Q. 3. Multiple Choice Questions :

(i) S.I. = $\frac{P \times \dots \times \dots}{100}$

- (a) R, S (b) R, T
(c) A, T (d) A, R.

(ii) S.I. on ₹ 2000 for 1 year at 10% p.a. is :

- (a) ₹ 2000 (b) ₹ 200
(c) ₹ 20 (d) ₹ 2.

(iii) Compound interest = Amount -

- (a) S.I. (b) Profit
(c) Rate of interest (d) Principal.

(iv) Formula for calculating amount when compounded annually is :

(a) $P \left(1 + \frac{T}{100}\right)^R$ (b) $R \left(1 + \frac{P}{100}\right)^T$

(c) $P \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$ (d) $R \left(1 + \frac{T}{100}\right)^P$

(v) In case of simple and compound interest for a period more than one year.

- (a) S.I. < C.I. (b) C.I. > S.I.
(c) S.I. = C.I. (d) None of these.

Ans. (i) (b) R, T, (ii) (b) ₹ 200,
(iii) (d) Principal,

(iv) (c) $P \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$,

(v) (b) C.I. > S.I.